

IBM® Storage

Offloading Storage Volumes from Safeguarded Copy to AWS S3 Object Storage with IBM FlashSystem Transparent Cloud Tiering



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About this document

The focus of this IBM® Blueprint is to showcase a method to store volumes that are created by using Safeguarded Copy off-premise to Amazon S3 object storage that uses the IBM FlashSystem Transparent cloud tiering (TCT) feature.

TCT enables volume data to be copied and transferred to object storage. The TCT feature supports creating connections to cloud service providers to store copies of volume data in private or public clouds.

This feature is useful for organizations of all sizes when planning for disaster recovery operations or storing a copy of data as extra backup. TCT provides seamless integration between the storage system and public or private clouds for Safeguarded Copy volumes and non-Safeguarded Copy volumes.

Executive summary

Increasingly, a key component to the Continuity of Operations (COOP) of any organization is cyber resiliency. Different from cybersecurity, *cyber resiliency* is about an organization's ability to continue operations despite a cyberincident. It can be combined with an organization's Disaster Recovery capabilities and their business continuity processes, but is a separate set of capabilities.

With the increased risk to data from various cyber threats (for example, ransomware), organizations are looking for new, innovated, and expanded ways to protect their business's data. Key to this protection is the ability to make immutable copies of the production data that can be quickly recovered if an attack occurs. By having these copies available, data can be quickly validated and recovered, which enables the business to return to service

IBM Spectrum Virtualize, which powers the IBM FlashSystem family and the IBM SAN Volume Controller, includes the Safeguarded Copy function that supports the ability to create cyber-resilient, point-in-time copies of volumes that cannot be changed or deleted by user errors, malicious actions, or ransomware attacks. These copies can be integrated with IBM Copy Services Manager (CSM), IBM Spectrum Copy Data Management (CDM), or the internal scheduling capability to provide automated backup copies and data recovery.

With the Safeguarded Copy providing rapid access to immutable copies for recovery on the local IBM FlashSystem, a requirement can exist to store a copy of the point-in-time copies of those volumes in another recovery zone, potentially one that is outside of the data center or to another system.

The use of public cloud by organizations is increasing every day. Organizations can exist on public cloud entirely while other enterprises use a hybrid cloud approach. The cloud is no more seen as compute entity, but it also is an excellent option from a storage perspective.

Cloud storage works by storing data on remote servers, where it can be maintained, managed, backed up, and accessed remotely. Data that is stored in the cloud is accessible by any device at any time, if permissions are in place. Despite its accessibility, data that is stored by way of the cloud is considered safe and secure.

Cloud storage generally provides high scalability and a pay-as-you-go type consumption model. The scalability aspect is further extended by long-term data retention and automatic deletion. Many cloud providers offer long-term storage in the form of object storage. Object stores are primarily used for storing unstructured data and are flexible about the size of the data.

The IBM FlashSystem family incorporates public cloud integration. With the introduction of the IBM Spectrum Virtualize 8.5.2 software release, the FlashSystem TCT function now supports normal volumes and volumes that are created by using the Safeguarded Copy function.

The cloud volumes that are moved by TCT can be restored to the original IBM FlashSystem that created the copy, or imported to an alternative IBM FlashSystem, IBM SAN Volume Controller cluster, or an instance of IBM Spectrum Virtualize for Public Cloud that is running in an available cloud provider. Therefore, TCT cloud volumes can be used for various testing, migration, and Disaster Recovery scenarios.

This combination of TCT with Safeguarded Copy provides the following benefits:

- The ability to maintain a point-in-time copy of the Safeguarded Copy volumes in an alternative failure zone
- The option to recover to a separate environment for testing and validation of the point-in-time Safeguarded Copy
- The capability to retain copies of the Safeguarded Copy volumes beyond their various policy retention times

Scope

The focus of this document is to showcase the use of the TCT feature to transfer copies of the backup volumes that are generated by using IBM FlashSystem® Safeguarded Copy capability to an Amazon S3 object storage bucket.

Although other public cloud providers, such as IBM Cloud®, OpenStack Swift, and Amazon Cloud, are supported by TCT, this document covers steps for Amazon cloud S3 object store only.

TCT supports use of encryption when transferring the data to the S3 object store when the IBM FlashSystem® has encryption that is enabled. The configuration of encryption on the storage system is *not* covered in this document.

The creation and configuration of an Amazon S3 object storage service account also is not covered in this document.

Users must have a working knowledge of the following concepts:

- Storage classes
- Account types
- Signature versions
- Access points
- Access key IDs
- Secret access keys
- Working with buckets and objects

Introduction

Transparent Cloud Tiering enables volume data to be copied and transferred to object storage in the cloud, such as Amazon S3. IBM Spectrum® Virtualize supports creating connections to cloud service providers to store copies of volume data in private or public cloud storage. These volumes now seen as cloud snapshots can be restored to the original IBM FlashSystem or to another instance of IBM Spectrum Virtualize on a different IBM FlashSystem, IBM SAN Volume Controller, or instance of IBM Spectrum Virtualize for Public Cloud.

With TCT, administrators can move older data to cloud storage to free up capacity on the system. Point-in-time snapshots of data can be created on the system and then, copied and stored on the cloud storage.

An external cloud service provider manages the cloud storage, which reduces storage costs for the system. Before data can be copied to cloud storage, a connection to the cloud service provider must be created from the system.

After the storage system is authenticated, it can access cloud storage to copy data to the cloud storage or restore data that is copied to cloud storage back to the system. The system supports one cloud account to a single cloud service provider. Migration between providers is *not* supported.

IBM Safeguarded Copy creates isolated immutable snapshots of data to help protect against cyberattacks, malware, acts of disgruntled employees, and other data corruption. Because Safeguarded Copy snapshots are on the same FlashSystem storage as operational data, recovery is faster than restoring from copies stored separately.

Safeguarded Copy provides for the capability to make a new volume in the original FlashSystem pool while not changing the original immutable source snapshot on the IBM FlashSystem. It also allows for mapping and testing through other hosts that are defined on that FlashSystem array. This capability is the safest way to preserve the volume for analysis, backup, or other uses, such as movement.

Prerequisites

This section describes the following prerequisites for the use of the TCT feature:

- Verify that your hardware model supports this function. For more information, see “Resources” on page 20.
- Ensure that a DNS server is configured on the system.

At least one DNS server is required if you connect to cloud service providers as part of TCT support, which included establishing a cloud account and connecting to cloud-based storage.

- Determine whether encryption is required for your connection to the cloud account. Some models might require more encryption licenses. Verify these requirements before this function is used.

Note: When a connection to a cloud service provider is configured, you must decide whether to encrypt data that is at-rest in the cloud for this account. After you decide, the encryption setting for the account cannot be changed without restoring all data from the cloud, reconfiguring the account, and re-creating cloud snapshots for the data.

Configuring Transparent Cloud Tiering

The process to configure TCT includes configuring the following components:

- Domain name server (DNS)
- Cloud connection

Configuring a domain name server

Complete the following steps to configure a DNS:

1. Log in to the FlashSystem management GUI and select the **DNS configuration** option.
2. Click **Settings** → **DNS**.
3. Click **Add DNS server+**.
4. Enter a name, IP address type (IPV4 or IPV6), and a valid IP address and then, click **Save**.

The configured DNS server is shown in Figure 1.

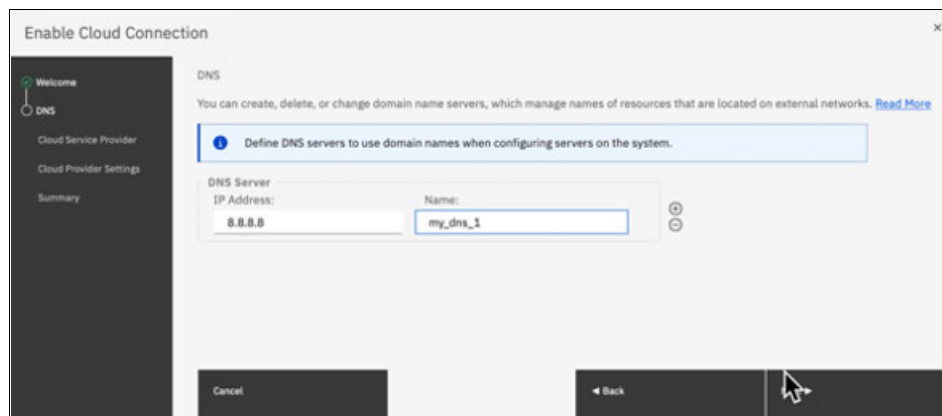


Figure 1 Domain Name Server configuration

Note: A maximum of two DNS server entries can be configured.

Configuring a cloud connection

Complete the following steps to configure a cloud connection:

1. From FlashSystem management GUI, click **Settings** → **Transparent Cloud Tiering** → **Enable cloud connection** to start the cloud connection wizard.

When the storage system does not use encryption, a warning message is shown. Acknowledge the message by clicking **I understand the risks and want to continue**. Then, click **Next**.

2. Click the name of the cloud provider and then, click **Next** to configure cloud credentials.
3. In the Cloud Provider Settings pane of the Enable Cloud Connection window, enter the configuration details (see Figure 2).

The screenshot shows the 'Enable Cloud Connection' window with a sidebar on the left containing four items: 'Welcome' (checked), 'Cloud Service Provider' (checked), 'Cloud Provider Settings' (selected), and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Cloud Provider Settings' and contains two sections. The first section, 'Amazon S3 account', includes fields for 'Access key ID' (containing 'A...', '2'), 'Secret access key' (masked with dots), a 'Show characters' checkbox, a 'Region' dropdown menu (set to 'us-east-1'), a 'Bucket prefix' field (containing 'manoj-tent'), and an 'Encryption' checkbox (unchecked). The second section, 'Bandwidth:', includes 'Upload:' and 'Download:' subsections. Each subsection has a 'No limit' radio button (selected) and a 'Limit to:' radio button followed by an empty input field and the unit 'Mbps'. At the bottom of the window are four buttons: '? Need Help', 'Cancel', '< Back', and 'Next >'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next >' button.

Figure 2 Configuring Amazon Cloud S3 account details

4. Click **Next** to submit all the details and configure the S3 bucket.

Figure 3 shows the successfully configured Amazon S3 account details.

Transparent Cloud Tiering

State: ✓ Online

► **Data Usage**

Date:	3/10/22
Data Uploaded:	0 bytes
Data Downloaded:	0 bytes
Storage Consumed:	0 bytes

[Download Cloud Usage History](#)
[Reset History](#)

► **Bandwidth**

Upload:

☒ No limit ☐ Limit to: Mbps

Download:

☒ No limit ☐ Limit to: Mbps

► **Account Information**

Service provider:	Amazon S3
Access key ID:	AKIAI2
Secret access key	<div>Configured</div> <div>Edit</div>
Region:	us-east-1
Bucket prefix:	manoj-tent
Encryption	Disabled

[Remove Account](#)

Figure 3 Configured Amazon S3 account

In the following sections, we discuss creating and assigning new snapshot policies, configuring volume groups, and adding the Safeguarded attribute to volume groups.

Configuring snapshot policies for IBM Safeguarded Copy

Complete the following steps to configure snapshot policies on the IBM FlashSystem storage device:

1. From management GUI console, click **Policies** and then, select the **Snapshot Policies** option from the submenu. The system includes three predefined policies.
2. To create a policy, click **Create Snapshot Policy**. A configuration window opens, in which you enter information about the policy name, policy execution frequency, hourly interval, and retention interval fields (see Figure 4).

Create Snapshot Policy [X]

Create a snapshot policy by specifying the frequency, time, day of the week, day of the month and retention period.

Policy Name
my_snapshot_policy_1

Frequency ⓘ
Hourly

Hourly Interval ⓘ
1

Retention Interval (days) ⓘ
2 - +

i **Snapshot Summary**
Snapshots are taken every 1 hours and retained for 2 days.

Cancel Create Snapshot Policy

Figure 4 Creating a snapshot policy

Configuring volume groups

This section describes configuring volume groups on an IBM FlashSystem storage. As the name suggests, *volume groups* allow a configuration or an action (such as a point-in-time snapshot or Safeguarded copy) to be run on a set of volumes. The actions are based on policies that are assigned to a specific volume group.

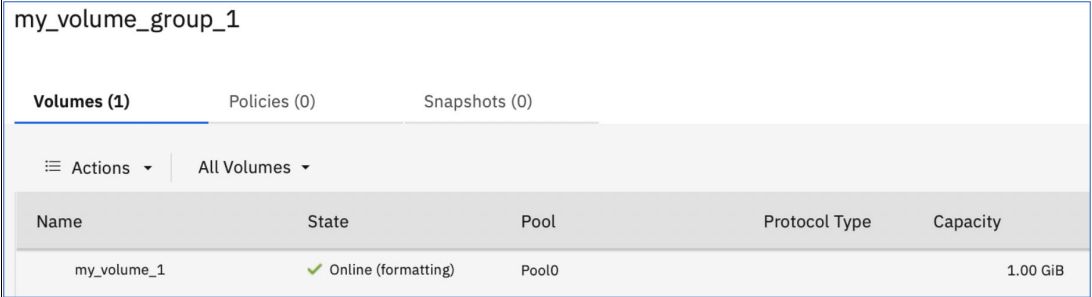
Complete the following steps:

1. From management GUI console, click **Volumes** and then, select the **Volume Groups** option from the submenu.

Create the volume group by clicking **Create Volume Group**. A configuration opens in which you enter the Volume group name. (This action always creates an empty volume group.)

2. Click the newly created volume group. From the Actions menu, choose the volumes to add to the newly created volume group.

Figure 5 shows a volume group, with a single volume.



The screenshot displays the management console for a volume group named 'my_volume_group_1'. At the top, there are three tabs: 'Volumes (1)', 'Policies (0)', and 'Snapshots (0)'. The 'Volumes (1)' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a header bar with 'Actions' and 'All Volumes' dropdown menus. A table lists the volumes within the group. The table has five columns: Name, State, Pool, Protocol Type, and Capacity. One volume, 'my_volume_1', is listed with a state of 'Online (formatting)' (indicated by a green checkmark), in 'Pool0', with a 'Protocol Type' and a 'Capacity' of '1.00 GiB'.

Name	State	Pool	Protocol Type	Capacity
my_volume_1	✓ Online (formatting)	Pool0		1.00 GiB

Figure 5 Volume group with single volume

3. To assign an internal snapshot policy to the volume group, click **Policies** and then, click **Assign internal snapshot policy**.

- From the Assign Internal Snapshot Policy window, select attributes, such as execution date and time. To make the snapshot immutable, click the **Safeguarded** option and then, click **Assign Policy** (see Figure 6).

Assign Internal Snapshot Policy

Assign predefined or user created internal snapshot policy to this volume group.

Name	Frequency	Retention
<input checked="" type="radio"/> my_snapshot_policy_1	Every hour	2 Days
<input type="radio"/> predefinedsspolicy0	Every 6 hours	7 Days
<input type="radio"/> predefinedsspolicy1	Every week on Sunday at 12:00 AM	30 Days
<input type="radio"/> predefinedsspolicy2	Every month on the 3rd at 12:00 AM	365 Days

The start time defaults to whenever the policy is assigned to a volume group. You can also specify a start date/time below.

Choose start date (optional)

10/03/2022

Choose a time (optional)

04:42

PM

☒ Safeguarded

Close

Assign Policy

Figure 6 Assign Internal Snapshot Policy to volume group

Note: The time field denotes the next execution time that is based on the frequency for the policy. Referring to Figure 6, when you choose 04:42 PM as the time, the frequency is added to the time and a next execution time 05:42 PM is assigned. If you want immediately run the policy action, you must back calculate time value that is relative to current time.

A Safeguarded snapshot policy that is assigned to a volume group is shown in Figure 7.

☒ Safeguarded Snapshot Policy

Name	Frequency
my_snapshot_policy_1	Every hour
Retention (Days)	Next Snapshot Creation
2	10/3/2022 5:42 PM

Figure 7 Safeguarded snapshot policy assigned to volume group

An internal scheduler takes the snapshot at the time interval that is defined by the policy. All the available snapshots for a specific volume group are listed under the Snapshot tab (see Figure 8).

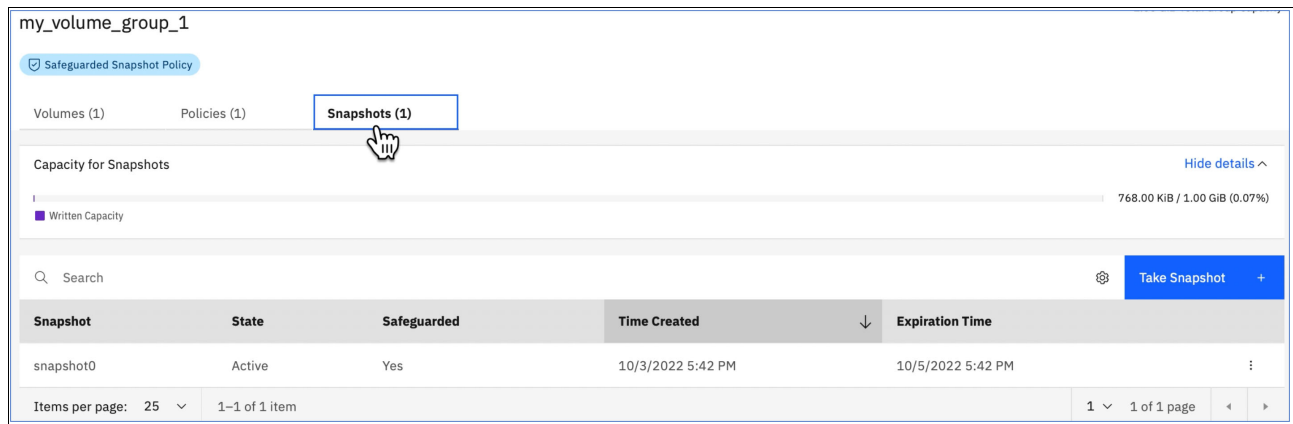


Figure 8 Available snapshots for volume group

- Ad hoc point in time snapshots can be created by clicking **Take Snapshot**. Such snapshots are mutable or not Safeguarded, even if the Safeguarded attribute is selected when the policy is created (see Figure 9).

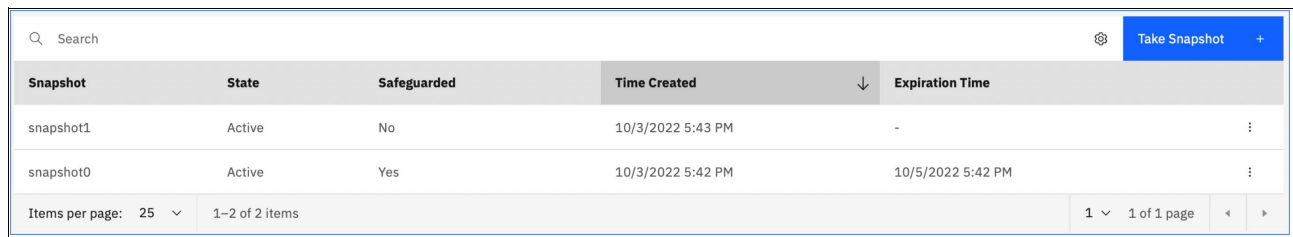


Figure 9 Safeguarded and non-safeguarded snapshots

Note: Safeguarded or immutable snapshots are created by the internal scheduler that is based on the Safeguarded attribute of the policy. Alternatively, IBM Safeguarded Copies can be managed by using IBM Copy Services Manager (CSM) or IBM Spectrum Copy Data Management (CDM).

Creating cloud volumes

This section describes how to create cloud volumes.

The cloud volume can be created from Safeguarded copies that were restored or traditional volumes. To create cloud volume from Safeguarded volume, a clone volume must be created.

Complete the following steps:

1. From the list of Safeguarded volumes that are listed under Volume Groups, click the three vertical dots and then, click **Create Clone**.
2. A Create Volume Group window opens. Select the type of clone to create, the target pool, and the I/O group along with an optional name for the clone volume group (see Figure 10).

Create Volume Group

Select the type of copy to use when creating the volumes in the new volume group.

Enter name (optional)

my_clone_vg_1

Source Volume Group

my_volume_group_1

Source Snapshot

snapshot0 ⓘ

Thin-clone

Creates a thin-clone copy of the selected snapshot. The new volumes are dependent on the source volumes, but can be mapped to hosts and modified.

Clone ✓

Creates an exact copy of the selected snapshot. After the cloning process completes, the new volumes are independent of the source volumes.

Select Target Pool

Pool0 ▼

Select I/O Group (optional)

io_grp0 ▼

Cancel Create Volume Group

Figure 10 Create Volume Group window

Note: Two types of clones are possible: thin-clone and thick-clone. Only thick clones are considered for cloud tiering. Thick clones are indicated as clones.

When the clone operation completes, a clone volume group is created along with clone copies of volumes available in the source volume group.

3. Click the cloned volume group and then, click the list of volumes to select the volume. Click **Actions** and then, from the Cloud Volumes menu option, select **Create Cloud Snapshot**.

4. From the Create Cloud Snapshots for Volumes window, confirm the default settings and click **Create** to start the volume tiering to the preconfigured cloud provider (see Figure 11).

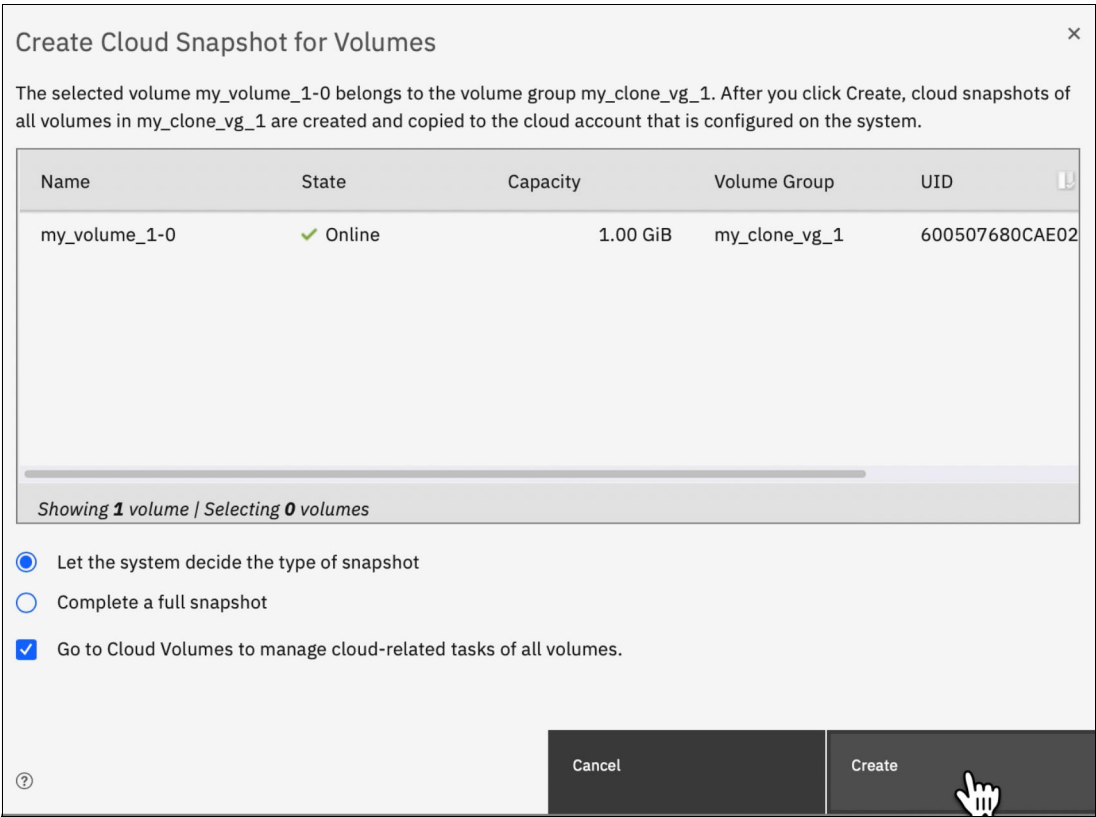


Figure 11 Create Cloud Snapshot for Volumes window

5. To view the list cloud volumes and their status, click **Volumes** and select **Cloud Volumes** from the submenu (see Figure 12).

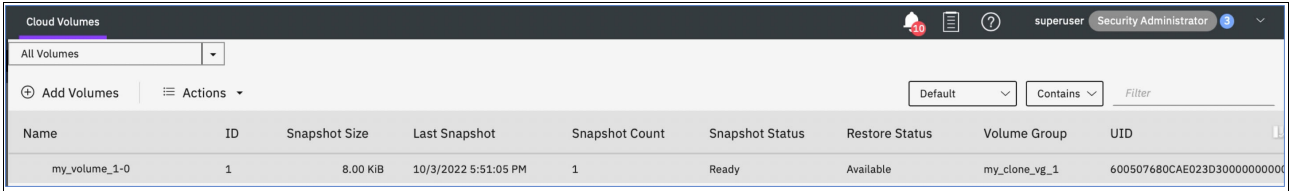


Figure 12 Available cloud volumes

6. Clean-up any specific version or to remove all versions of a volume, click **Actions** → **Manage Cloud Volumes** (see Figure 13).

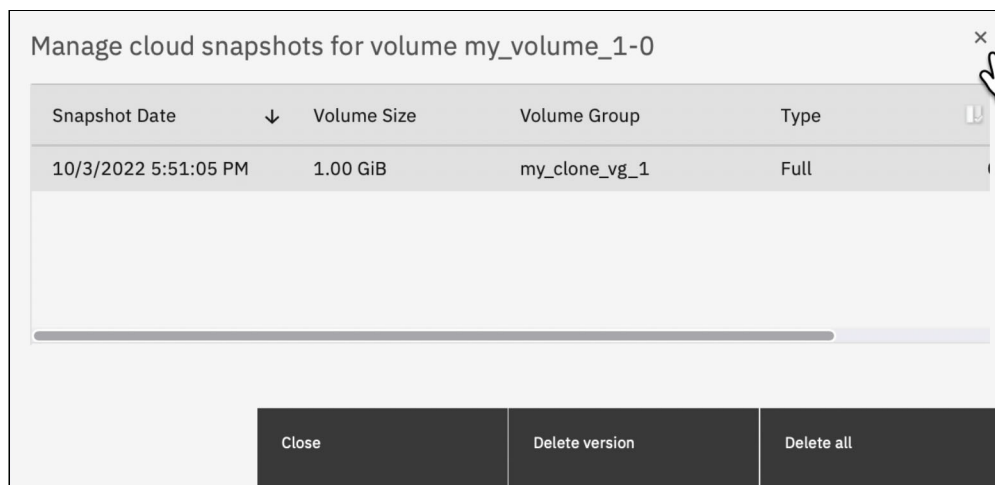


Figure 13 Manage cloud volumes

Here, the delete operation is possible on the cloud volume because it is a mutable clone that was created from Safeguarded volume. The original Safeguarded volume remains immutable. It cannot be removed from storage until its policy for retention expires nor can it be mapped to host.

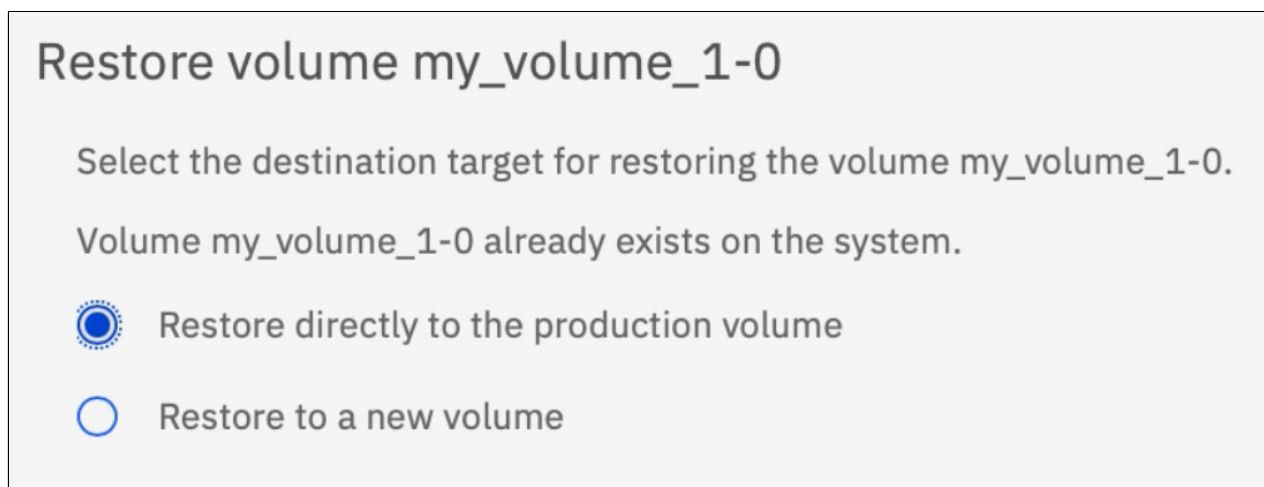
Restoring cloud volumes

This section describes how to perform a restore operation from cloud volumes. Such volumes can be restored to the original IBM FlashSystem, or to an alternative instance of IBM Spectrum Virtualize that is running on an IBM FlashSystem, IBM SAN Volume Controller, or IBM Spectrum Virtualize for Public Cloud, which expands the potential recovery zone or analysis options.

Complete the following steps to perform the restore:

1. In the Management GUI console, click **Volumes** and then, click the **Cloud Volumes** option.
2. Right-click the volume from the list of volumes that is displayed under Cloud Volumes. Click the **Restore** option from the menu.

3. In the Restore wizard window, select the snapshot that you want to restore and then, click **Next**. In the next window of the wizard, two options are available: Restore directly to the production volume or Restore to a new volume, as shown in Figure 14.



Restore volume my_volume_1-0

Select the destination target for restoring the volume my_volume_1-0.

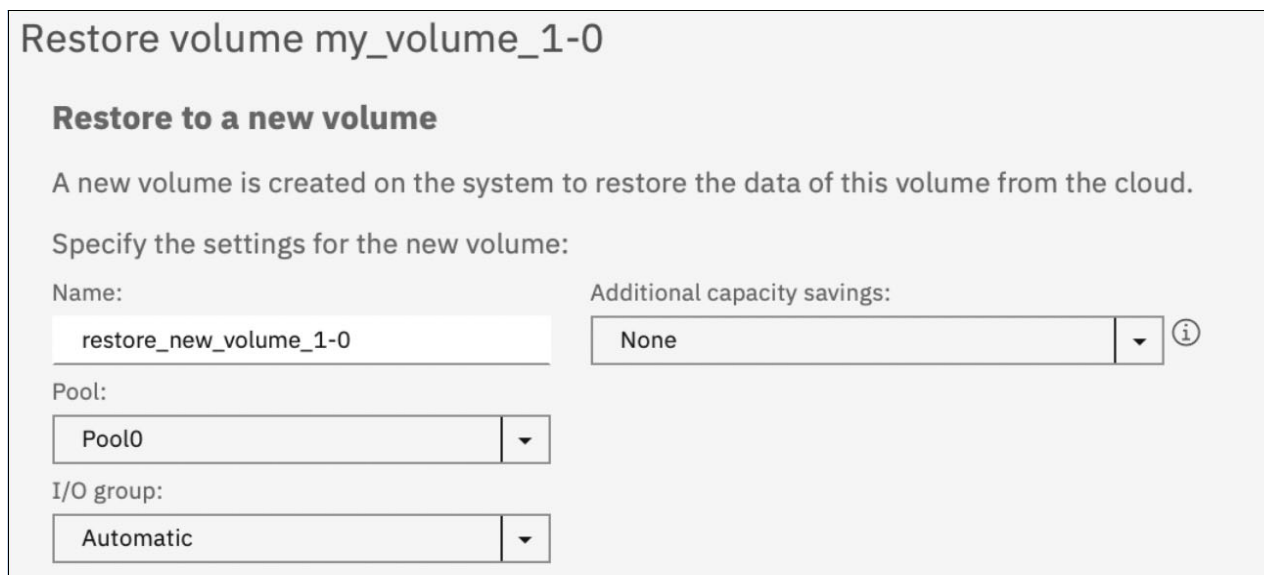
Volume my_volume_1-0 already exists on the system.

☒ Restore directly to the production volume

☐ Restore to a new volume

Figure 14 Cloud volume restore to an existing volume

If you select **Restore to a new volume**, enter the name for the new volume in the Restore volume window (see Figure 15). The restore action is performed on the production volume which, overwrites the data. (During the restore, the production volume goes offline.)



Restore volume my_volume_1-0

Restore to a new volume

A new volume is created on the system to restore the data of this volume from the cloud.

Specify the settings for the new volume:

Name: Additional capacity savings: ⓘ

Pool:

I/O group:

Figure 15 Cloud volume restore to a new volume

4. Click **Finish** in the Summary window to start the restore.

The Restore Status column under Cloud Volumes shows the restore status of each volume that is restored. The status is changed to Available when the restore completes.

The cloud volume creation or restore from cloud volume operations are audited. The events for these operations can be seen by clicking **Monitoring** → **Events**.

A sample event is shown in Figure 16.

First Time Stamp	10/3/2022 5:54:55 PM
Last Time Stamp	10/3/2022 5:54:55 PM
Fixed Time Stamp	
Event Count	1
<div><div>Properties</div><div>Sense Data:</div></div>	
Event ID	087042
Event ID Text	The cloud snapshot restore operation is complete
Sequence Number	130
Object Type	vdisk
Object ID	4
Object Name	restore_new_volume_1-0
Secondary Object ID	
Secondary Object Type	
Copy ID	
Reporting Node ID	1
Reporting Node Name	node1
Root Sequence Number	
Error Code	
Error Code Text	
Dmp Family	IBM
Status	Message
Fixed	No
Auto Fixed	No
Notification Type	Informational

Figure 16 Sample event

Summary

This blueprint explains the use of IBM FlashSystem Transparent Cloud Tiering for Safeguarded and non-Safeguarded volumes. A cloud provider configuration must be created before tiering to cloud volumes is started.

For the Safeguarded volumes, a volume clone must be created before tiering can occur. Cloned volumes that are created from Safeguarded volumes and cloud volumes are mutable.

When performing a restore from cloud volumes, volumes can be overwritten or a restore to new volume is possible.

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Kosta Makropoulos, Senior Storage Partner Technical Specialist
IBM Technology, Canada

Resources

For more information about the topic that is discussed in this blueprint, see the following resources:

- IBM FlashSystem hardware overview:
<https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-9x00/8.5.x?topic=overview-system>
- Configuring transparent cloud tiering:
<https://ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-9x00/8.5.x?topic=configuring-transparent-cloud-tiering>
- Managing cloud volumes:
<https://ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-9x00/8.5.x?topic=administering-managing-cloud-volumes>
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<https://ibm.com/docs/en/flashsystem-9x00/8.5.x?topic=configuring-safeguarded-copy-function>

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