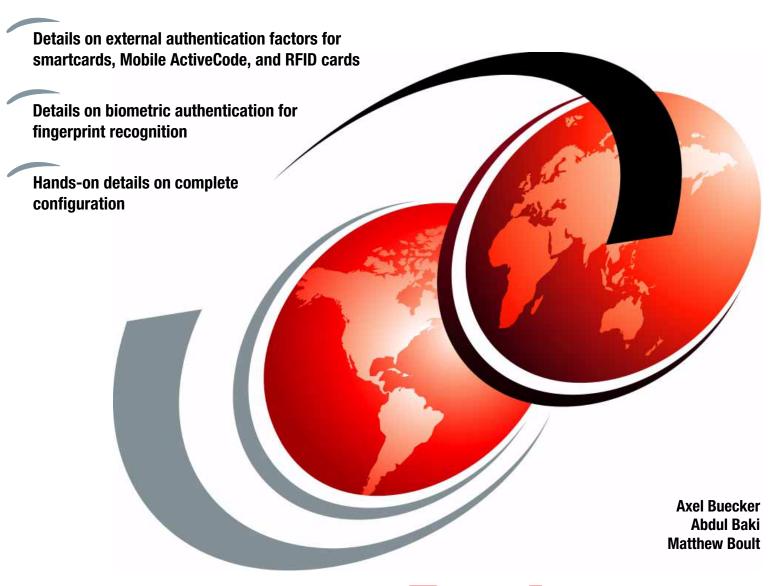


# Configuring Strong Authentication with IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On



Redpaper



### International Technical Support Organization

# **Configuring Strong Authentication with IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On**

December 2011

Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page v.
First Edition (December 2011)
This edition applies to IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On V8.1.
This document created or updated on December 15, 2011.

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### **Preface**

IBM® Tivoli® Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On automates sign-on and access to enterprise applications, eliminating the need to remember and manage user names and passwords. Users log on to Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On with a special user ID and password, and then, when they access their secured applications, the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On agent enters their stored credentials automatically without the users needing to do so. Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On provides the usual features associated with password security, for example, password length, aging policy, and so forth.

This IBM Redpapers<sup>™</sup> publication is based on a set of exercises that was produced for the European Tivoli Technical Conference 2010. It shows how to configure Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On to use additional or alternative methods of authentication when users log on to provide a greater degree of security (stronger authentication).

This paper is intended to complement the product documentation and should be read in conjunction with it. In particular, you should refer to the Setup Guide.

### The team who wrote this paper

This paper was produced by a team of specialists from around the world working at the International Technical Support Organization, Austin Center.

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Many thanks to Sven Gossel at charismathics gmbh for providing the smart card middleware, smart cards, and card readers used in producing this IBM Redpaper™.

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# 1

# Configuring authentication to use smart cards

This chapter explains how to configure an existing Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On environment to use smart cards as additional authentication factors.

**Note:** You can use a USB token instead of a smart card and reader.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- "Prerequisite environment" on page 2
- "Testing smart card compatibility" on page 2
- ► "Configuring the certificate authority" on page 4
- "Importing the CA root certificate to the IBM HTTP Server truststore, part 1" on page 7
- ▶ "Importing the CA root certificate to the IBM HTTP Server trust store, part 2" on page 9
- "Enabling two-way SSL on IBM HTTP Server" on page 16
- "Creating IMS policies for smart card use" on page 17
- ► Assigning the new template to the client workstation
- "Modifying user default template to accept smart cards for authentication" on page 20
- "Issuing a certificate to a smart card" on page 22
- ► "Registering a smart card to user" on page 28

### 1.1 Prerequisite environment

To run this exercise, you need the following resources. Refer to the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On product documentation for platform requirements and configuration instructions.

- ► Integrated Management System Server (IBM IMS™ Server)
  - Microsoft Certificate Server
  - Internet Information Services
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 IMS+ prerequisites
    - IBM WebSphere® Application Server
    - IBM HTTP Server
    - A supported database (for example IBM DB2®)
  - Smart card middleware

Note: This scenario uses the Charismathics Smart Security Interface (CSSI).

- Client
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 AccessAgent
  - Smart card middleware
  - Initialized smart card and reader or USB token
  - Drivers for reader or token
- Active Directory
  - Domain containing computers and user accounts

### 1.2 Testing smart card compatibility

The Smart Card Compatibility Tool is supplied with Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On V8.1 installation files. The tool is installed in the SCardCompatTool version directory.

You can test smart card compatibility in the following way:

- 1. Create a mycsp.ini configuration file that contains details of the location of the smart card middleware driver, using the supplied example.ini file for guidance.
- 2. Run the following command from the command line:

SCardCompatTool.exe -i mycsp.ini -o output file name

The following prompt appears:

Insert the smart card that you wish to test. Press Enter to proceed.

3. Insert the smart card into the reader, and press Enter. Then, enter the PIN when prompted. Figure 1-1 shows the tests.

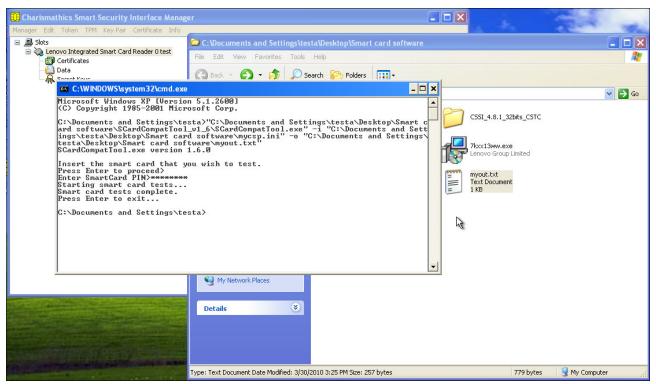


Figure 1-1 Smart card compatibility tool

4. Verify that the test was successful by examining the output file. If the test is successful, continue to the next section.

**Note:** You must initialize the smart card or USB token first. This process is outside the scope of this paper. Refer to the smart card middleware documentation for information about how to enable new smart cards.

### 1.3 Configuring the certificate authority

Next, configure the certificate authority (CA) on the IMS Server:

 Launch the Microsoft Certification Authority by navigating to Start → Administrative Tools → Certification Authority, as shown in Figure 1-2.



Figure 1-2 Launching the Microsoft Certification Authority

2. A window opens that displays details about the CA. In the left pane, select the CA server, and then select the Certificate Templates directory. The available certificate templates are displayed in the right pane, as shown in Figure 1-3.

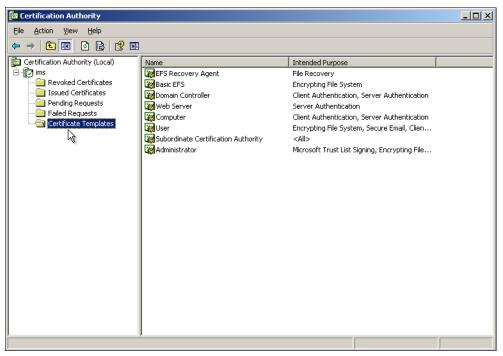


Figure 1-3 Available certificate templates

3. To install the necessary templates (for example, the **Smartcard User** and **Smartcard Logon** templates), right-click in the right pane, and select **New** → **Certificate Template to Issue**, as shown in Figure 1-4.

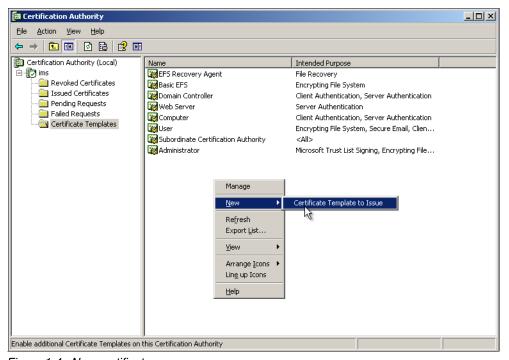


Figure 1-4 New certificate

4. A list of available certificate templates appears. Scroll down, and select the Smartcard Logon and Smartcard User templates, as shown in Figure 1-5. (You can select multiple certificate templates using the Ctrl key.) Click OK.

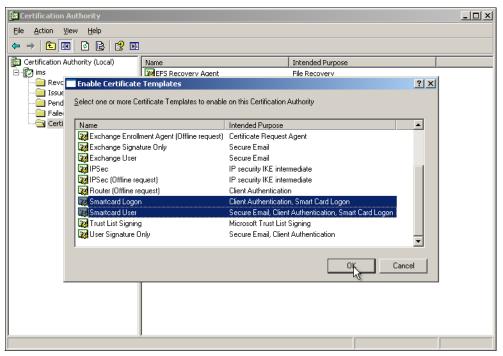


Figure 1-5 Selecting the templates

The smart card templates are added to the Certificate Template list, and the server is ready to issue certificates, as shown in Figure 1-6.

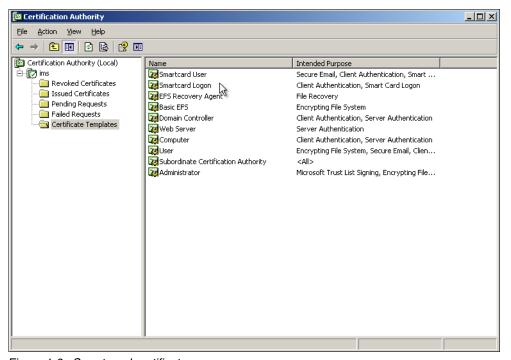


Figure 1-6 Smart card certificates

## 1.4 Importing the CA root certificate to the IBM HTTP Server truststore, part 1

Now, obtain the CA root certificate by clicking  $Start \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Active Directory Users and Computers. The window shown in Figure 1-7 appears.$ 

This scenario uses the Microsoft Certificate Server to obtain the domain name.

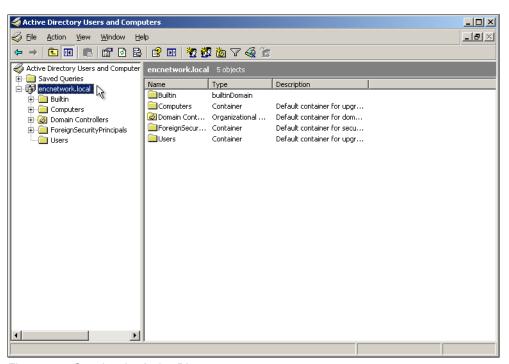


Figure 1-7 Opening the Active Directory

Next, you need to obtain the Internet Information Services (IIS) server port number. By default, the IIS port number is 80. However, because the IBM HTTP Server already requires port 80, you need to modify the IIS port during installation.

To find the IIS server port number, follow these steps:

 Go to Start → Administrative Tools → Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager, as shown in Figure 1-8.



Figure 1-8 Opening the IIS Manager

- 2. Click the plus sign (+) for the server from the left pane.
- 3. Open the Web Sites directory, and right-click **Default Web Site**. If there is more than one website, right-click the one that is available, not the one that is stopped.
- 4. Select **Properties**. The window shown in Figure 1-9 opens. Several parameters appear, one of which is the TCP port. Note the value of the TCP port. (If the value is 80, change it to 81.

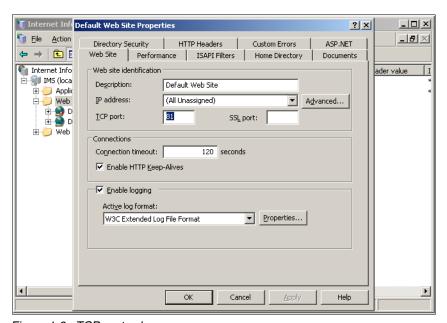


Figure 1-9 TCP port value

## 1.5 Importing the CA root certificate to the IBM HTTP Server trust store, part 2

Now that you have determined the domain name and the IIS port number, enter the following address for the certificate server into the browser:

http://domain\_name:IIS\_port\_number/certsrv

This opens the CA server page and allows certificates to be issued.

Next, follow these steps:

1. Click the **Download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL** link, as shown in Figure 1-10.

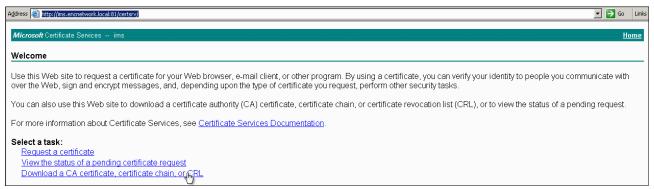


Figure 1-10 Downloading a certificate

- 2. Enter the administrator's user ID and password at the prompt.
- 3. At the next page, you are prompted to select an encoding method. The following standards are supported:
  - DER
  - Base 64

This scenario uses the Base 64 standard. Select the **Base 64** option, and click **Download CA certificate**, as shown in Figure 1-11.

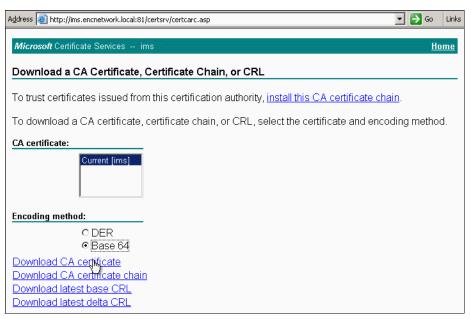


Figure 1-11 Downloading the Base 64 CA certificate

4. In the confirmation box, click **Save**, and select the location where you want to save the certificate. Assign a name to the certificate, as shown in Figure 1-12.

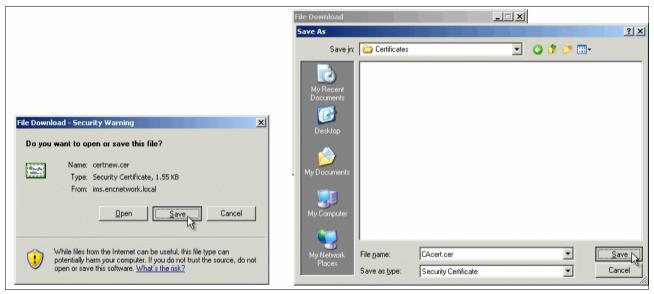


Figure 1-12 Saving the certificate

5. After you obtain the root CA certificate, import it into the IBM HTTP Server trust store:

Navigate to Start  $\rightarrow$  IBM WebSphere  $\rightarrow$  Application Server v7.0  $\rightarrow$  Profiles  $\rightarrow$  AppSrv01  $\rightarrow$  Administrative Console.

On the left pane, expand **Servers** and then expand **Server Types.** On the right pane, under "Web servers," select the desired server, as shown in Figure 1-13.

**Note:** At the Administrative Console, you need to enter the WebSphere Application Server administrator credentials.

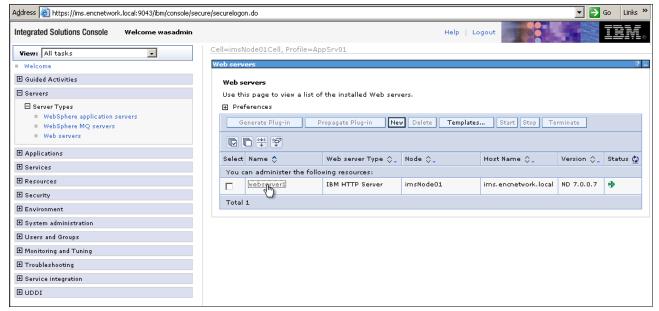


Figure 1-13 Administrative Console

6. Under the Configuration tab, in the Additional Properties section, click **Plug-in properties**, as shown in Figure 1-14.

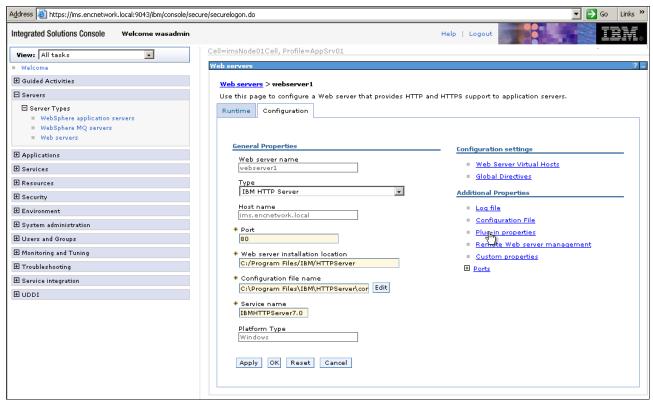


Figure 1-14 Selecting Plug-in properties

7. Click Manage keys and certificates, as shown in Figure 1-15.

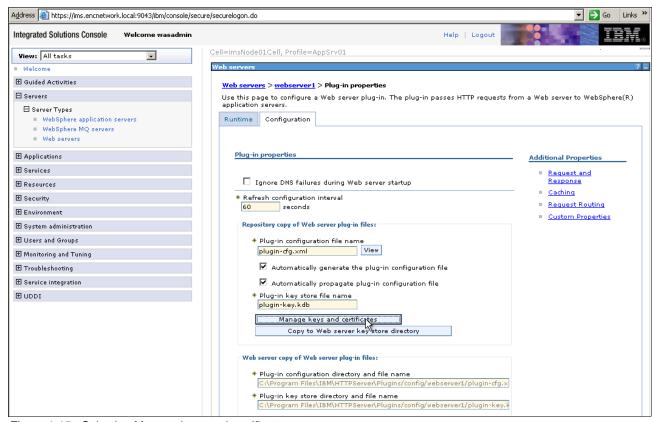


Figure 1-15 Selecting Manage keys and certificates

8. Then, click **Signer certificates**, as shown in Figure 1-16.

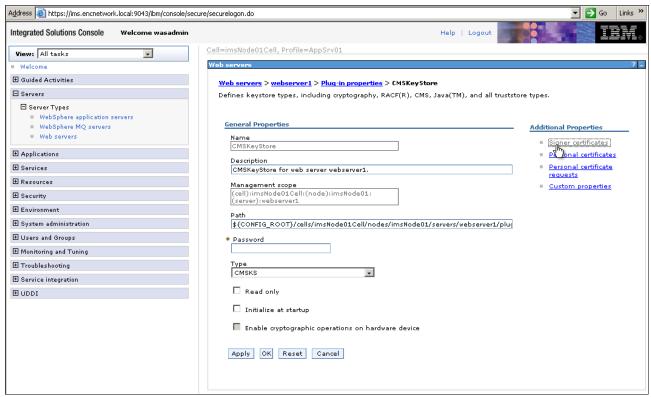


Figure 1-16 Selecting signer certificates

- 9. On the right pane of the next panel, complete the following information:
  - Alias: An alias name of your choice
  - File Name: Full path of the CA certificate that you created earlier
- 10. Click **OK**, as shown in Figure 1-17. Save the changes when prompted to do so.

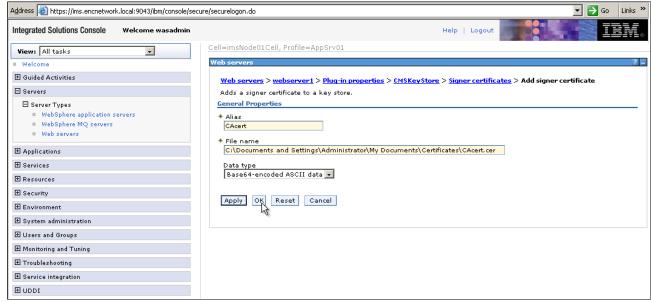


Figure 1-17 Copying certificate to web server

11.On the left pane of the WAS Administrative Console, expand **Servers** and then expand **Server Types**. Select **Web servers**.

On the right pane, select the desired web server, and then, under "Plug-in Properties," click **Copy to web server key store directory**, as shown in Figure 1-18. The root CA certificate is imported into the IBM HTTP Server trust store.

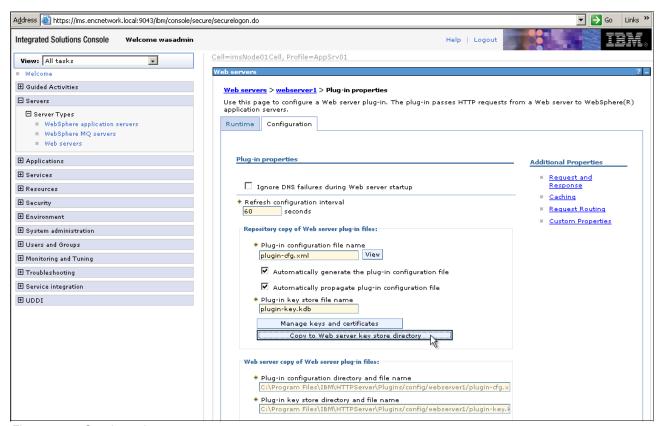


Figure 1-18 Copying to key store

12. Finally, restart the IBM HTTP Server. On the left pane of the WAS Administrative Console, expand **Servers** and then expand **Server Types**. Select **Web servers**.

On the right pane, select the **webserver1** link, and click **Stop**. After webserver1 stops, select the link again, and click **Start**.

### 1.6 Enabling two-way SSL on IBM HTTP Server

To enable secure communications on the IBM HTTP Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Log on to the WebSphere Application Server Administrative Console.
- 2. Then, go to Server → Server Types → Web servers → web\_server → Configuration file, as shown in Figure 1-19.

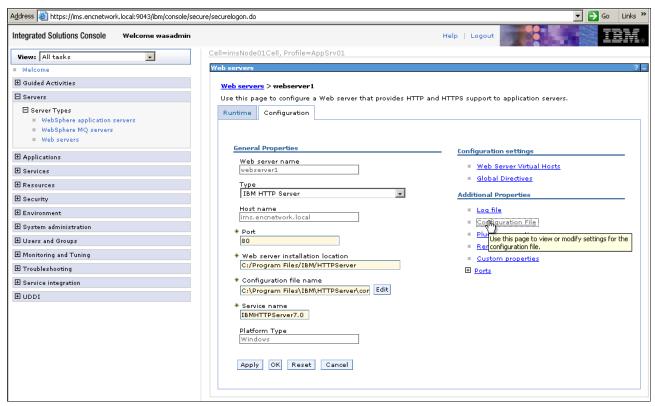


Figure 1-19 Configuration file

3. Insert the following text between SSLProtocolDisable SSLv2 and SSLServerCert default, as shown in Figure 1-20:

SSLClientAuth optional

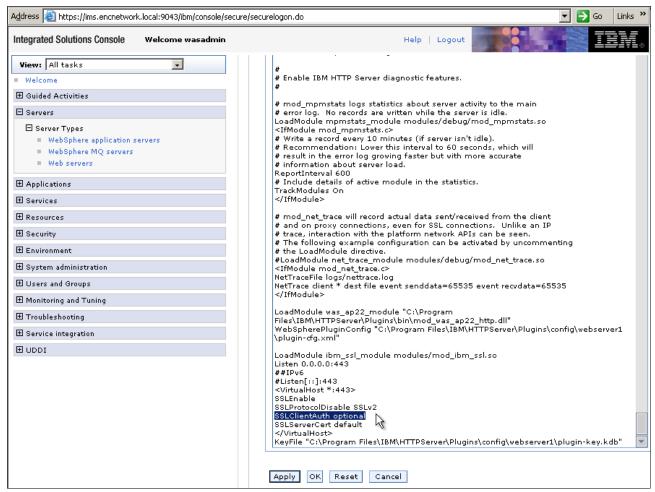


Figure 1-20 Entering text

4. Click OK. Then, on the next page, click OK again, and click Save.

### 1.7 Creating IMS policies for smart card use

To create IMS policies for smart card use, follow these steps:

- 1. Open a browser, and enter the IMS Server location. On the IMS Server page, select the AccessAdmin option.
- 2. Enter the login details for the administrator for the IMS Server.
- 3. On the left pane of the AccessAdmin panel, under Machine Policy Templates, click **New Template**.

- 4. On the "Create new policy template" panel, shown in Figure 1-21, enter the following information:
  - Name: Name of the template. Assign a meaningful name.
  - Criteria: Indication that this template is for specific machines on your domain. Use the default option.
  - Authentication Policies: Smart card designation. Enter this into the text box.
- 5. Click Add.

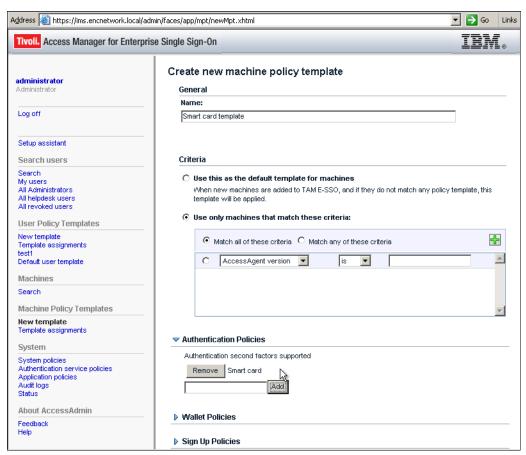


Figure 1-21 Entering the new template information

- 6. Next, scroll further down on the "Create new policy template" panel, expand AccessAgent Policies, and click **Smart card policies**.
- 7. When prompted, select **Yes** to enable Windows smart card logon, and then click **Add**, as shown in Figure 1-22.

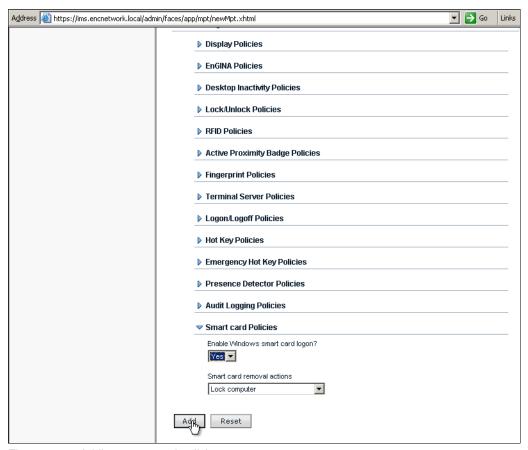


Figure 1-22 Adding smart card policies

### 1.8 Assigning the new template to the client workstation

To assign the new template to the client workstation, go to **Machines** → **Search**. Enter an asterisk (\*) in the "Search for" field and select **Host name** in the "Search by" drop-down. Make sure to select **All templates** in the "Search in template" drop-down list. Then, click **Search** to list the workstations that are connected to the IMS Server using AccessAgent, as shown in Figure 1-23.

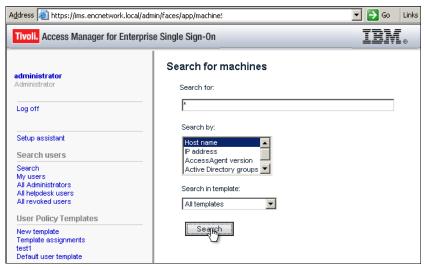


Figure 1-23 Listing the workstations connected to the IMS Server using AccessAgent

Select the desired workstation. Then, from **Machine Template Assignment**, select the **Smart Card policy**, and click **Assign**.

### 1.9 Modifying user default template to accept smart cards for authentication

To modify the user default template to accept smart cards for authentication, follow these steps:

- 1. Under the "Apply user policy templates" heading, select **Default user template**.
- 2. On the new panel, click **Authentication Policies**. Then, enable the **Smart card box** option, and click **Update**.
- 3. Under the "Search users" heading, click the **Search** link. Then, fill in the required fields to narrow down your search and click **Search**.

- Select the users who require smart card use. Under the Apply user policy template
  heading, select Default user template from the drop-down menu, and click Apply to
  selected results.
- 5. At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**, as shown in Figure 1-24.

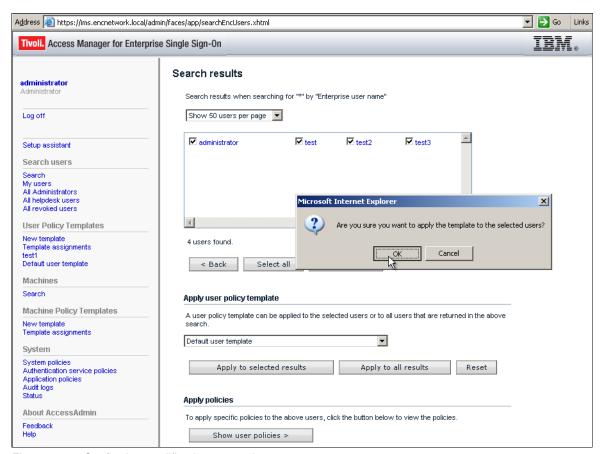


Figure 1-24 Confirming modification to template

6. A status bar displays the progress of applying the user template. When the task is complete, restart WebSphere Application Server, as shown in Figure 1-25.

To stop WebSphere, select Start  $\rightarrow$  All Programs  $\rightarrow$  IBM WebSphere  $\rightarrow$  Application Server Network Deployment V7.0  $\rightarrow$  Profiles -> AppSrv01  $\rightarrow$  Stop the server.

To restart WebSphere select Start  $\rightarrow$  All Programs  $\rightarrow$  IBM WebSphere  $\rightarrow$  Application Server Network Deployment V7.0  $\rightarrow$  Profiles  $\rightarrow$  AppSrv01  $\rightarrow$  Start the server.

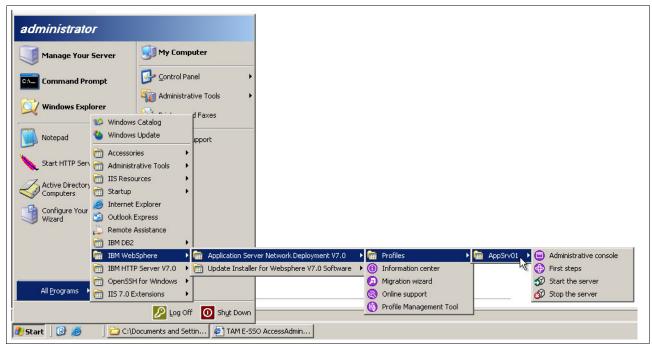


Figure 1-25 Restarting WebSphere Application Server

The AccessAgent icon on the client system displays a message for the computer to be restarted due to changes on the IMS Server. Restart the computer. The AccessAgent is now ready to allow authentication by smart cards.

### 1.10 Issuing a certificate to a smart card

**Note:** This exercise issues a smart card to the user who logs on, which might not be the case in a real-world scenario.

To issue a certificate to a smart card, follow these steps:

- 1. On the client system, log on to the Windows system with the ID of the user who requires the smart card use. Do not use AccessAgent to log in.
- 2. Insert the smart card in the reader or the token in a spare USB slot, as appropriate.
- 3. Go to the certificate server web page: http://domain name:IIS port number/certsrv

4. Log on using the user's credentials, as shown in Figure 1-26.



Figure 1-26 Logging in to issue a certificate

- Click Request a certificate from the "Select a task" options. Then, select the Advanced Certificate Request option, and select the Create and submit a request to this CA option.
- 6. Change only the following parameters, as shown in Figure 1-27:
  - For Certificate Template, use Smartcard User.
  - From the CSP drop-down under Key Options, select the relevant middleware that is used within your environment. (This example uses the Charismathics Smart Security Interface CSP.)

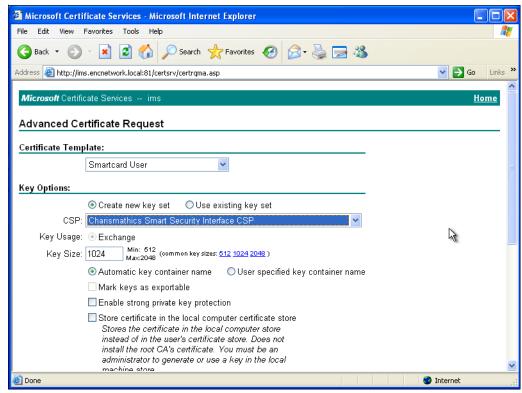


Figure 1-27 Changing parameters for requesting certificate

- 7. For Request Format under Additional Options, select **PKCS10** (Public Key Cryptography Standard for requesting certificates).
- 8. Click Submit, as shown in Figure 1-28.

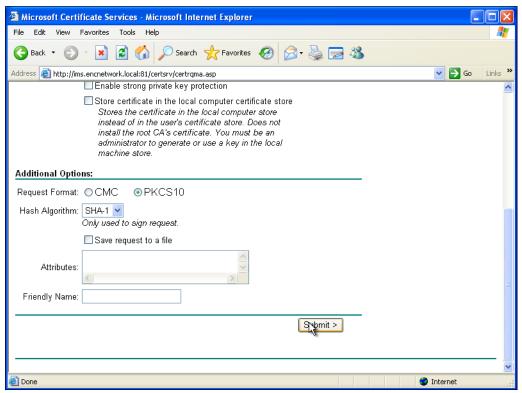


Figure 1-28 Submitting certificate request

9. If you receive a warning message about a potential scripting violation, click **Yes** to open a window for the appropriate smart card middleware CSP. Then, enter the PIN for the smart card, and click **Login** as shown in Figure 1-29.

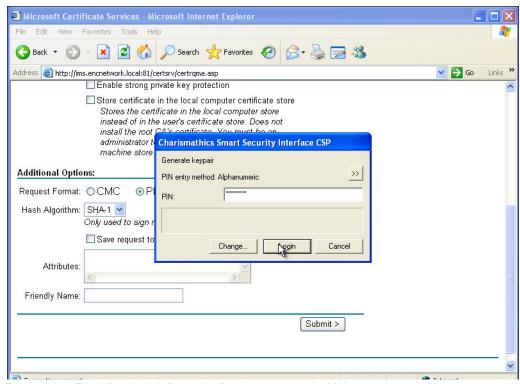


Figure 1-29 Providing login information for the smart card middleware

The following message appears:

Generating Request

Then, another message appears:

Waiting for Server response

These messages might display for two minutes or so.

10. When the Certificate Issued page appears, click Install this certificate. When a warning message about a potential scripting violation appears, click Yes to continue. Then, when a message appears requesting confirmation for the installation of the certificate from the CA server, click Yes again.

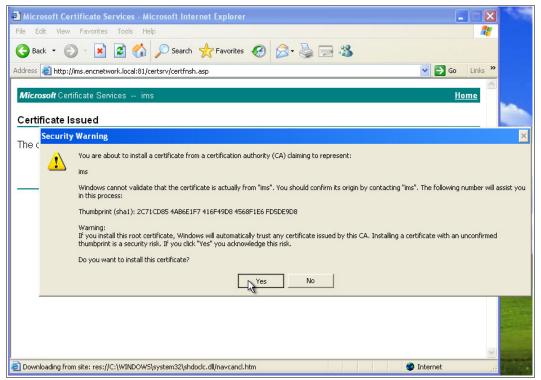


Figure 1-30 Accepting a new certificate from your IMS server

11. Click **Yes** when prompted to save the CA certificate.

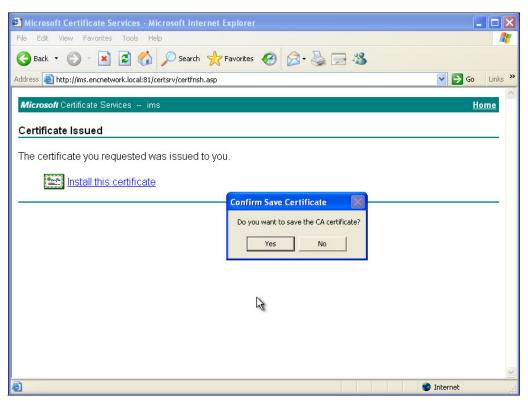


Figure 1-31 Saving the CA certificate

12. After the confirmation message appears, open the middleware software and read the smart card contents. Verify that the certificate has been installed. Figure 1-30 on page 26 shows an example of the contents as displayed by the Charismathics Smart Security Interface Manager.

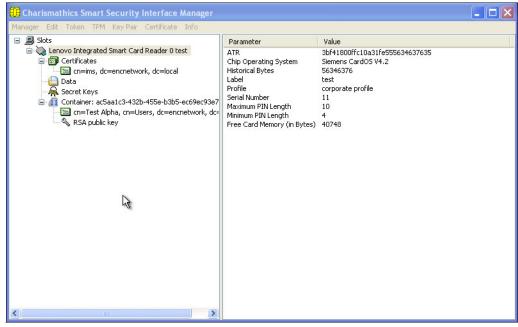


Figure 1-32 Contents displayed by the Charismathics Smart Security Interface

#### 1.11 Registering a smart card to user

To register a smart card to a user, follow these steps:

1. On the client system, insert the smart card into the reader when the AccessAgent logon window is displayed. AccessAgent prompts you for the smart card registration with the user account, as shown in Figure 1-33.



Figure 1-33 Smart card registration

2. Enter the PIN that was assigned to the smart card during the certificate request process, and then click **OK**, as shown in Figure 1-34.



Figure 1-34 Entering smart card PIN

3. A prompt to register the smart card with the IMS Server appears. You can use the smart card with AccessAgent to log on, as shown in Figure 1-35. Then, click **Next**.



Figure 1-35 Logging on with AccessAgent

4. When prompted, click **Yes** if you have already registered the user to use Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On, as shown in Figure 1-36. (Otherwise, click **No** and AccessAgent enrolls the user with the IMS Server.)



Figure 1-36 Registration to use Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On

5. Enter the account details, as shown in Figure 1-37, and click **OK**.



Figure 1-37 Entering account details

The credentials are inserted automatically into the Windows system logon prompt, as shown in Figure 1-38.



Figure 1-38 Windows system logon credentials

You are now logged on, and your registration for smart card use is complete. If you remove the smart card, you are required to present the smart card and to enter the PIN the next time that you log on with this account.



### Configuring authentication to use radio frequency identification cards

This chapter explains how to configure an existing Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On environment to use radio frequency identification (RFID) cards as additional authentication factors. It includes the following topics:

- "Prerequisite environment" on page 32
- "Creating and assigning the RFID machine policy template" on page 32
- "Creating an authentication code for the user" on page 35
- "Registering the RFID card to the user" on page 36

#### 2.1 Prerequisite environment

To do this exercise, you need the following resources. Refer to the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On product documentation for platform requirements and configuration instructions.

- ► Integrated Management System Server (IMS Server)
  - Microsoft Certificate Server
  - Internet Information Services
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 IMS+ prerequisites
    - WebSphere Application Server
    - IBM HTTP Server
    - A supported database (for example DB2)
  - Smart card middleware
- Client
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 AccessAgent
  - Smart card middleware
  - Initialized Smart Card and reader or USB token
  - Drivers for reader or token
  - RFID card with reader
  - Drivers for RFID reader

#### 2.2 Creating and assigning the RFID machine policy template

To create and assign the RFID machine policy template, follow these steps:

- 1. Open a browser and enter the IMS Server location. From the IMS Server page, click **AccessAdmin**. Then, enter the login details for the Administrator for the IMS Server.
- 2. On the AccessAdmin page, under Machine Policy Templates, click **New Template**. Then, enter the following information, as shown in Figure 2-1 on page 33:
  - Name: Enter the name of the template. Assign a meaningful name.
  - Criteria: Specify the criteria if this template is for specific machines on the domain. Use the default option.
  - Authentication Policies: Enter RFID.

#### 3. Click Add.

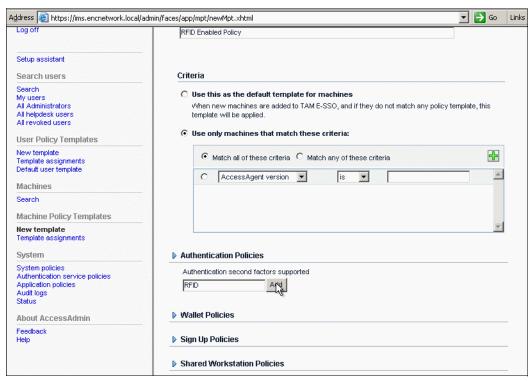


Figure 2-1 Entering the new template information

4. Add the policy template by again clicking **Add**, as shown in Figure 2-2.

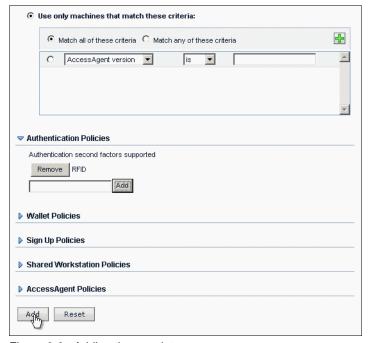


Figure 2-2 Adding the template

5. Now, assign this new template to the client system that will be used when the user with the RFID badge logs on.

Go to **Machines** → **Search** on the left pane. Enter an asterisk (\*) in the "Search for" field and select Host name in the "Search by" drop-down. Make sure to select **All templates** in the "Search in template" drop-down list.

Then, click **Search** to list the workstations that are connected to the IMS Server using AccessAgent, as shown in Figure Figure 2-3.

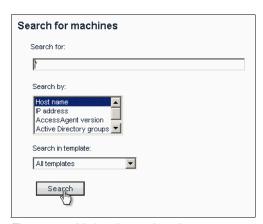


Figure 2-3 Listing the workstations

6. Select the workstation. Then, from the Machine Template Assignment list, select the RFID policy, and click **Assign**.

#### 2.3 Creating an authentication code for the user

Follow these steps to create an authentication code to permit a user to log on with an RFID badge as an authentication factor:

 In AccessAdmin, select IMS Server → AccessAdmin and locate the user you want to create an authentication code for (here, A B) as depicted in Figure 2-4.



Figure 2-4 Logging on to AccessAgent

Scroll down to Helpdesk Authorization and select Issue Authorization Code. Note the code that is generated.

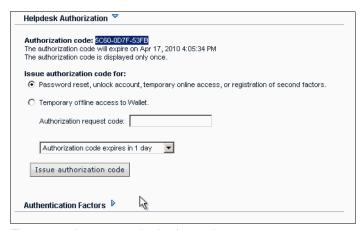


Figure 2-5 Issue an authorization code

#### 2.4 Registering the RFID card to the user

To register the RFID card to the user, follow these steps:

1. On the client system, tap your RFID card on the reader when prompted at the AccessAgent logon window. AccessAgent prompts you for the RFID card registration with the user account, as shown in Figure 2-6.



Figure 2-6 Prompt to tap RFID card

 When prompted, select Yes if the user is already registered with Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On. (Otherwise, select No, and AccessAgent enrolls the user. Then click Next as shown in Figure 2-7.



Figure 2-7 Register the RFID card

3. Enter the account details for User name, Password, and Domain. Then click **OK** as shown in Figure 2-8.



Figure 2-8 RFID card logon

4. As shown in Figure 2-9, enter the authorization code that was generated previously (as described in 2.3, "Creating an authentication code for the user" on page 35). The credentials are inserted automatically into the Windows system logon.



Figure 2-9 Entering authorization code

You are now logged on, and registration for RFID card use is complete. When you log on again with this account, you are required to present the RFID card and enter the password.



### Configuring authentication to use fingerprint recognition

This chapter explains how to configure an existing Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On environment to enable the use of fingerprint readers for logging on to the AccessAgent.

**Note:** You can use the instructions described in this chapter with supported Digital Persona or UPEK readers. For readers that work with Biokey Biometric Service Provider middleware, refer to *IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On Setup Guide, Version 8.1*, GC23-9692, and adapt these steps as appropriate.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- ► "Prerequisite environment" on page 40
- "Configuring the IMS Server" on page 40
- "Creating and assigning fingerprint machine policy template" on page 41
- "Updating the user template" on page 45
- ► "Enrolling the user's fingerprint for authentication" on page 48

#### 3.1 Prerequisite environment

To do this exercise, you need the following resources. Refer to the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On product documentation for platform requirements and configuration instructions.

- Integrated Management System Server (IMS Server)
  - Microsoft Certificate Server
  - Internet Information Services
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 IMS+ prerequisites
    - WebSphere Application Server
    - IBM HTTP Server
    - A supported database (for example DB2)
  - Smart card middleware
  - Drivers for fingerprint reader

#### Client

- Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 AccessAgent
- Smart card middleware
- Initialized Smart Card and reader or USB token
- Drivers for reader or token
- Fingerprint reader
- Drivers for fingerprint reader

#### 3.2 Configuring the IMS Server

You must install the drivers for the fingerprint reader on both the IMS Server and the client systems before you can use fingerprint authentication. After the drivers are installed, open the deploymentPack\_biometrics\_8.1.0.0.xx directory from the installation CD, where xx is the version number.

This directory includes subdirectories. Open the appropriate directory for the reader, and run the relevant Enreader COM. bat batch file. Refer to Figure 3-1.

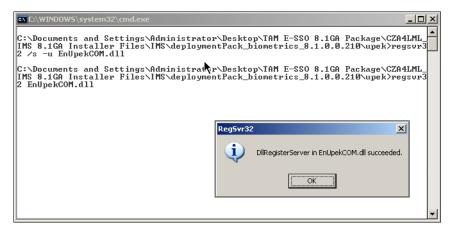


Figure 3-1 Configuring the IMS Server for fingerprint authentication

After the batch file executes successfully, restart WebSphere Application Server, as shown in Figure 3-2.

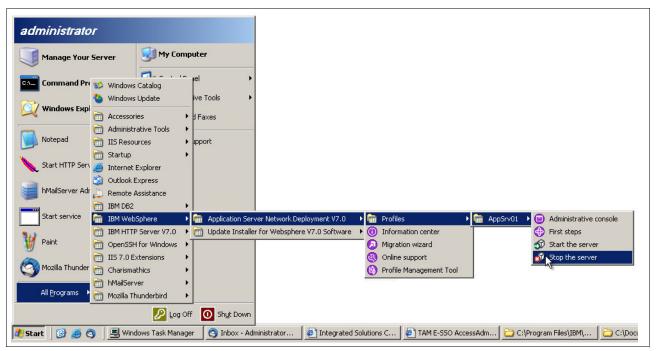


Figure 3-2 Restarting WebSphere Application Server

#### 3.3 Creating and assigning fingerprint machine policy template

To create and assign a fingerprint machine policy template, follow these steps:

- Open a browser and enter the IMS Server location. From the IMS Server page, click AccessAdmin.
- 2. Enter the login details for the Administrator for the IMS Server.

- 3. On the AccessAdmin page, under Machine Policy Templates, click **New Template**. Then, enter the following information, as shown in Figure 3-3:
  - Name: Enter the name of the template. Assign a meaningful name.
  - Criteria: Specify the criteria if this template is for specific systems on the domain. Use the default option.

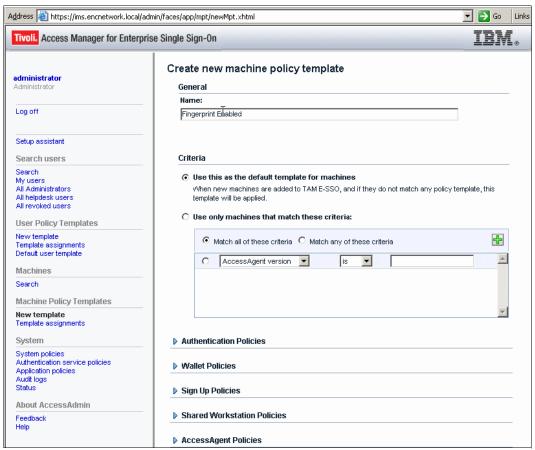


Figure 3-3 Entering template information

4. Under the Authentication Policies section, in the "Authentication second factor supported" option, enter Fingerprint and click **Add**, as shown in Figure 3-4.

#### Important: Use the Add button. Do not press Return!

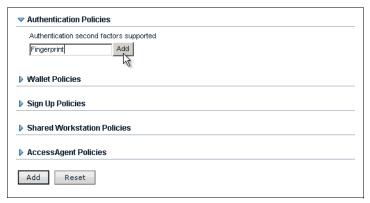


Figure 3-4 Add fingerprint authentication policies

5. Scroll down, and add the policy template by clicking Add, as shown in Figure 3-5.



Figure 3-5 Adding the policy template

- Next, assign this new template to the client system that will be used with fingerprint recognition. Go to Machines → Search, and click Search to list the workstations that are connected to the IMS Server. Select the workstation.
- 7. Then, from the "Machine policy template assignment" section, select the fingerprint policy from the drop-down, and click **Assign** as shown in Figure 3-6.



Figure 3-6 Assigning the policy template

#### 3.4 Updating the user template

Next, specify the user or users who can use fingerprint recognition for authentication:

- 1. Under the User Policy Template heading, click the **Default user template** link to display the details for the default user policy template.
- 2. Expand the Authentication Policies heading, and select **Fingerprint**, as shown in Figure 3-7. Then, click **Update** at the bottom of the policy template details.

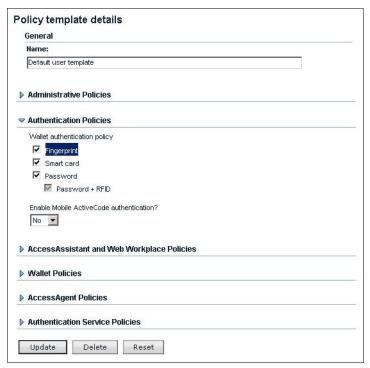


Figure 3-7 Updating the user template

3. Click the **Search** button under the Search for Users heading. Then, click **Search**, as shown in Figure 3-8, to list the users who are registered on the IMS Server.



Figure 3-8 Searching for users

4. Check the boxes next to the user or users who will use fingerprint authentication, as shown in Figure 3-9.

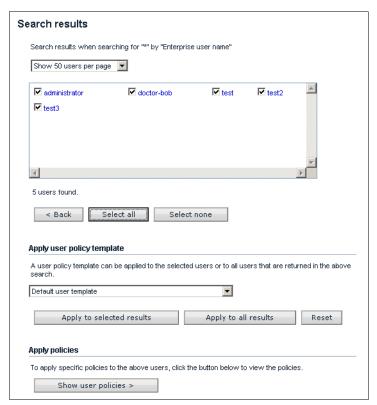


Figure 3-9 Selecting the user or users

5. In the "Apply user policy template" section, expand the drop-down menu, and select Default user template, as shown in Figure 3-10. Then, click Apply to selected results. When prompted to confirm your action, click OK to apply the default user template to the selected users.

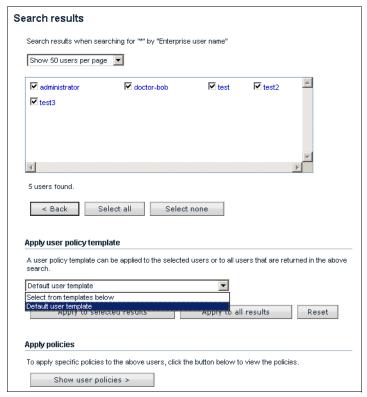


Figure 3-10 Selecting the default user template

6. A progress bar displays. When the task completes, restart the client machine. The displayed message on the AccessAgent interface on the client workstation will now request a fingerprint to log on, as shown in Figure 3-11.



Figure 3-11 Fingerprint requested to log on

#### 3.5 Enrolling the user's fingerprint for authentication

To enroll the user's fingerprint for authentication, follow these steps:

1. Have the user scan his or her finger by moving his or her fingertip across the reader. Enter the appropriate user name at the prompt, as shown in Figure 3-12. Click **Next**.



Figure 3-12 Entering the user name for fingerprint enrollment

2. Select Register Fingerprint, as shown in Figure 3-13.



Figure 3-13 Registering fingerprint

3. Enter the password that is associated with the account, and then click **OK**, as shown in Figure 3-14.



Figure 3-14 Enter password

4. Identify the finger that you scanned from the drop-down, as shown in Figure 3-15.



Figure 3-15 Identifying the scanned finger

5. Scan the finger again as directed, as shown in Figure 3-16.



Figure 3-16 Scanning user finger

You are logged on to AccessAgent and to the Windows system, as shown in Figure 3-17. Registration is now complete. You need only to scan the finger that you registered to log on to your account again.



Figure 3-17 User logged on to the Windows system

## Configuring authentication to use Mobile ActiveCode as a one-time password

This chapter explains how to configure an existing Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On environment to use Mobile ActiveCode (MAC) as a one-time password (OTP) for non-AccessAgent authentication.

The authentication is done using AccessAssistant and Web Workplace. AccessAssistant and Web Workplace offer single sign-on without the requirement for an AccessAgent in scenarios where the enterprise applications are web-based. MACs are used to implement second factor authentication for AccessAssistant and Web Workplace.

**Note:** The steps in this chapter show how to send the OTP using a mail server. If required, you can use short message service (SMS) messages instead of emails. You will need an SMS gateway and will need to adapt these instructions as appropriate.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- "Prerequisite environment" on page 52
- "Creating the messaging connector for email" on page 52
- "Configuring the AccessAssistant to use MAC as second factor authentication" on page 58
- ► "Configuring the user account for MAC use" on page 62
- ► "Logging on with MAC" on page 65

#### 4.1 Prerequisite environment

To do this exercise, you need the following resources. Refer to the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On product documentation for platform requirements and configuration instructions.

- Integrated Management System Server (IMS Server)
  - Microsoft Certificate Server
  - Internet Information Services
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 IMS+ prerequisites
    - WebSphere Application Server
    - IBM HTTP Server
    - A supported database (for example DB2)
  - Smart card middleware
- Mail server
  - An email server and client

**Note:** The system must be enrolled in the Active Directory domain.

- ► Client
  - Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.1 AccessAgent
  - Smart card middleware
  - Initialized Smart Card and reader or USB token
  - Drivers for reader or token
  - E-mail client

#### 4.2 Creating the messaging connector for email

To create the messaging connector for email, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the IMS Server, and click the **IMS Configuration Utility** link, as shown in Figure 4-1.



Figure 4-1 Selecting the connector

2. On the left menu, under "Advanced settings," select **Message connectors** to display a drop-down menu on the right. Select **SMTP Messaging Connector** from the menu, as shown in Figure 4-2, and click **Configure**.

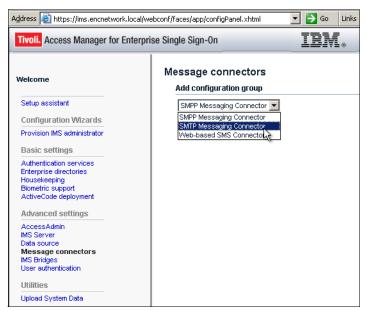


Figure 4-2 SMTP Messaging Connector

- 3. The SMTP messaging connector enables the delivery of MAC through email. Enter the following parameters, as shown in Figure 4-3:
  - Message Connector Name: A name of your choice (for example, mailServer)
  - Address Attribute Name: For example, emailAddress
  - **SMTP server URL**:For example, mailServer.domain name
  - SMTP from address: For example, administrator@mailServer.domain name
  - SMTP form friendly name: Enter a name of your choice (For example, Admin)
  - SMTP port number: 25
  - **SMTP user name**: For example, administrator@mailServer.domain name
  - SMTP user password: Administrator password
- 4. After you enter these parameters, click Add. The new messaging connector appears.

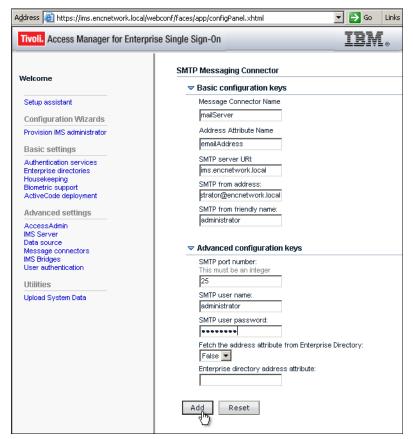


Figure 4-3 Entering SMTP messaging connector parameters

- Click the ActiveCode deployment link. Then, to facilitate communication, add the IP addresses of the following systems under Allowed ActiveCode client IPs, as shown in Figure 4-4:
  - IMS Server
  - Client Machine
  - Mail Server

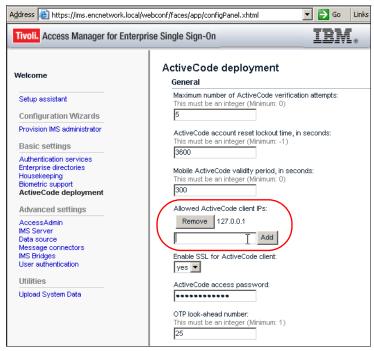


Figure 4-4 Adding ActiveCode client IPs

6. Scroll down and enter the name of your SMTP messaging connector in the Default Messaging Connector parameter. Then, scroll to the bottom of the page, and click **Update**, as shown in Figure 4-5.

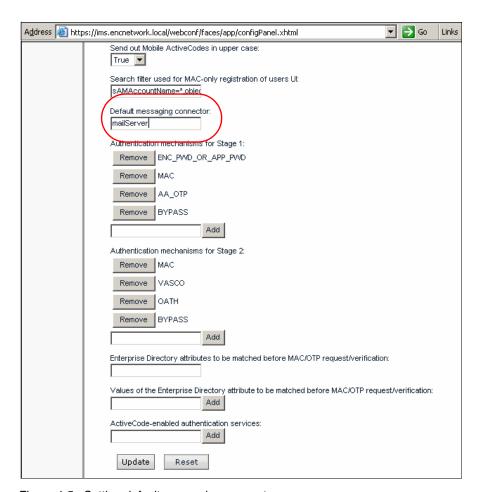


Figure 4-5 Setting default messaging connector

7. Restart the IMS Server from the WebSphere Application Server Administrative Console by clicking **Stop** and then **Start**, as shown in Figure 4-6.

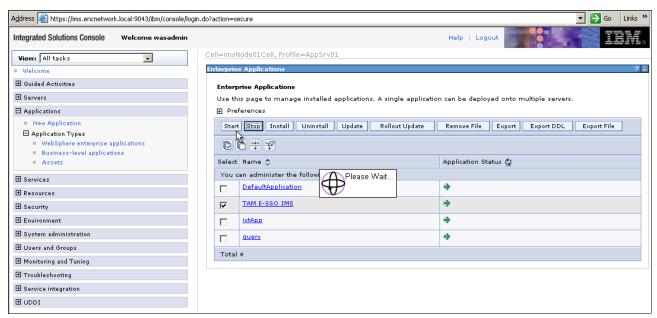


Figure 4-6 Restarting WebSphere Application Server

### 4.3 Configuring the AccessAssistant to use MAC as second factor authentication

To configure the AccessAssistant to use MAC as a second factor authentication, follow these steps:

 Navigate to the AccessAdmin page within the IMS Server. On the left menu under the System heading, click the **Authentication service policies** link to list the applications, as shown in Figure 4-7.

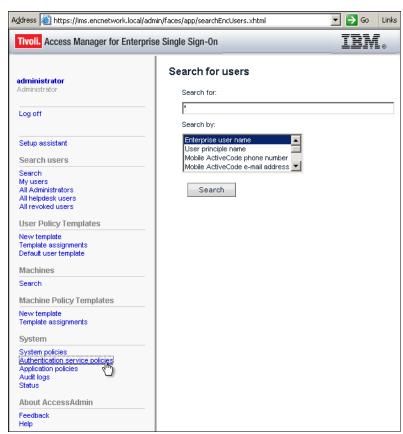


Figure 4-7 Selecting AccessAssistant

- 2. In the "Personal authentication services" list, select **AccessAssistant** and scroll to the bottom of the page. Click the button **Move to enterprise authentication services**.
- 3. Now, under the "Enterprise authentication services list," click the **AccessAssistant** link, as shown in Figure 4-8.

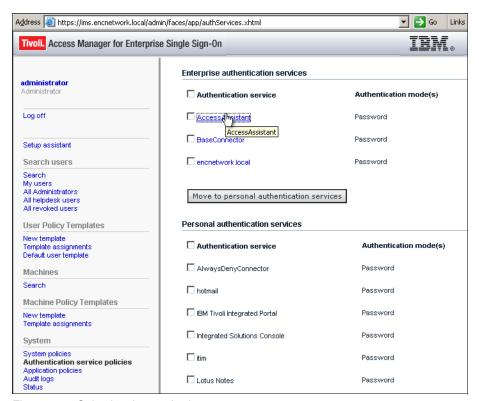


Figure 4-8 Selecting AccessAssistant

- 4. The "AccessAssistant Authentication service policies" panel appears. Expand the Authentication Policies menu.
- 5. In the "Authentication modes to be supported" list, select **Password** and **MAC**, as shown in Figure 4-9. Use the Ctrl key for multiple selections. Then, click **Update**.

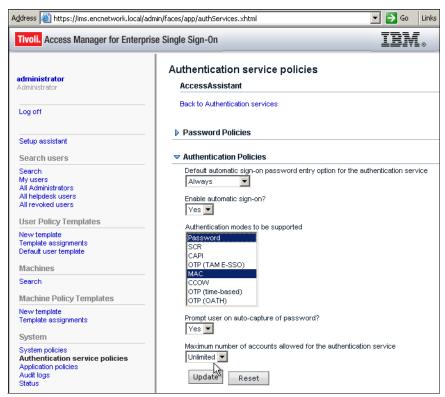


Figure 4-9 Selecting MAC and password

6. After you update the information, click the **Back to Authentication Services** link, and move AccessAssistant back to the "Personal authentication service" list by selecting **AccessAssistant** and clicking **Move to Personal authentication service**.

- Click the System policies link under the System heading in the left pane to display a list
  of expandable menus. Then, expand the AccessAssistant and Web Workplace Policies
  menu.
- 8. Select **MAC** from the drop-down list under the "Default second authentication factor for AccessAssistant and Web Workplace" option, as shown in Figure 4-10. Then, scroll down to the end of the page and click **Update**.

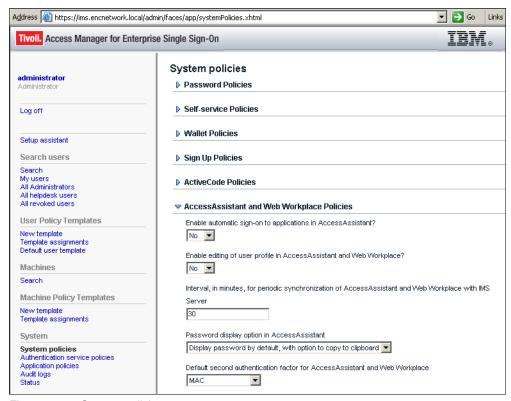


Figure 4-10 System policies

#### 4.4 Configuring the user account for MAC use

To configure the user account for MAC use, follow these steps:

- Navigate to AccessAdmin, search for users, and then select the user account for which you want to set up MAC authentication. Enter the following information, as shown in Figure 4-11:
  - Mobile ActiveCode email address: Enter the user's email address to which the MAC will be sent.
  - Preference: Enter the name of the of the message connector that you created previously (for example, mailServer).

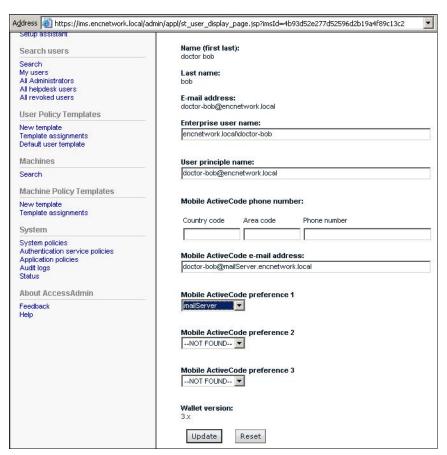


Figure 4-11 Entering account information

2. Then, click the **Update** button.

3. Scroll down to "Authentication Policies" and enable Mobile ActiveCode Authentication, as shown in Figure 4-12, by selecting **Yes** from the drop-down

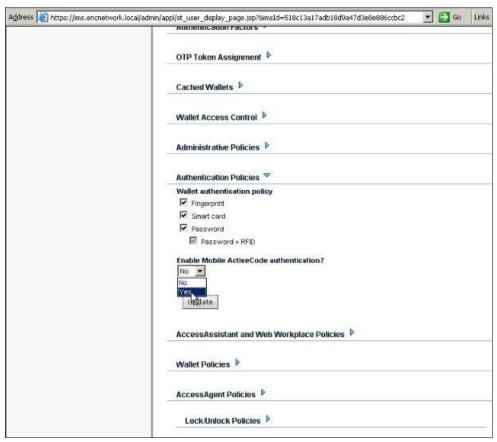


Figure 4-12 Enabling Mobile ActiveCode authentication

4. Click Update.

5. Now scroll up, and select **Authentication Services**, as shown in Figure 4-13.

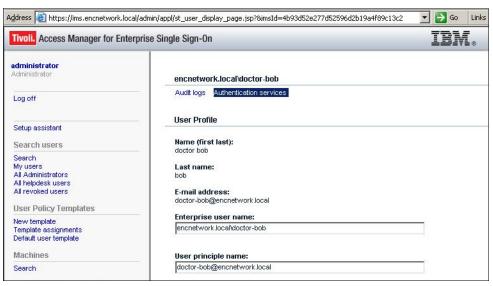


Figure 4-13 Authentication Services

6. Under ActiveCode-enabled Authentication Services, select the **AccessAssistant** authentication service from the drop-down, and enter the account name to which this service is to be applied (in this case, "doctor-bob.") Then, click **Add account** as shown in Figure 4-14.

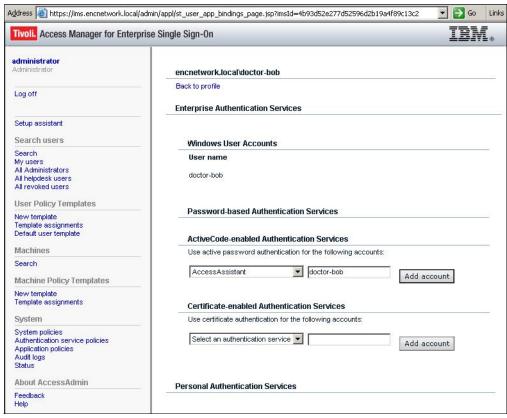


Figure 4-14 ActiveCode-enabled authentication services

#### 4.5 Logging on with MAC

To log on with MAC:

- Log on to the Windows system with the user account that was configured to use MAC authentication.
- 2. Open a browser to access the Web Workplace using the following URL:

ims\_server\_domain\_name/aawwp

If you receive a message about choosing a digital certificate, cancel it.

3. Enter the account details for the user. You are then be prompted for a MAC, as shown in Figure 4-15.



Figure 4-15 MAC prompt

4. Do not close this window! To find the MAC, go to the email client, and read the relevant email, as depicted in Figure 4-16.



Figure 4-16 Obtaining Mobile ActiveCode

5. Enter the MAC into the prompt. You are presented with AccessAssistant and can view your passwords, as shown in Figure 4-17.



Figure 4-17 Obtain passwords

#### 4.6 Conclusion

In this Redpaper, we have shown how to configure and use the following authentication factors with Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On, for enhanced security:

- Smart Cards
- ► RFID Cards
- Fingerprint Readers
- Mobile ActiveCodes (a form of one-time password)

#### **Related publications**

We consider the publications that are listed in this section particularly suitable for a more detailed discussion of the topics that are covered in this paper.

#### **IBM Redbooks publications**

The following IBM Redbooks publications provide additional information about the topic in this document. Note that some publications referenced in this list might be available in softcopy only.

- Deployment Guide Series: IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On 8.0, SG24-7350
- ► A Guide to Writing Advanced Access Profiles for IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On, REDP-4767

You can search for, view, download or order these documents and other Redbooks, Redpapers, Web Docs, draft and additional materials, at the following website:

ibm.com/redbooks

#### Online resources

For all the relevant product documentation you should visit the IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On Information Center:

http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/tivihelp/v2r1/topic/com.ibm.itamesso.doc/ ic-homepage.html

#### **Help from IBM**

IBM Support and downloads

ibm.com/support

**IBM Global Services** 

ibm.com/services



# Configuring Strong Authentication with IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On



Details on external authentication factors for smartcards, Mobile ActiveCode, and RFID cards

Details on biometric authentication for fingerprint recognition

Hands-on details on complete configuration

IBM Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On automates sign-on and access to enterprise applications, eliminating the need to remember and manage user names and passwords. Users log on to Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On with a special user ID and password, and then, when they access their secured applications, the Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On agent enters their stored credentials automatically without the users needing to do so. Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On provides the usual features associated with password security, for example, password length, aging policy, and so forth.

This IBM Redpapers publication is based on a set of exercises that was produced for the European Tivoli Technical Conference 2010. It shows how to configure Tivoli Access Manager for Enterprise Single Sign-On to use additional or alternative methods of authentication when users log on to provide a greater degree of security (stronger authentication).

This paper is intended to complement the product documentation and should be read in conjunction with it. In particular, you should refer to the Setup Guide.

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